

Forty-Eighth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.
SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—In the Senate this morning, after prayer and the reading of the journal, Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, announced the presence of his colleague, Mr. Anthony, and asked that he be sworn in. Immediately after the senators rose from their seats and remained standing while the oath was administered by the President pro tempore, Senator Edmunds.

Among the petitions presented was one by Mr. Plumb, of Kansas, from citizens of African descent, setting forth the disadvantages of their position in view of the condition of legislation and the decisions of the courts. Mr. Frye gave notice that he would call up on Thursday the report of the committee on rules of the Senate.

HOUSE.

When the House met this morning the speaker was suffering from a severe cold and Mr. Cox, of New York, was called to the chair. The reading of yesterday's journal having been dispensed with, the speaker pro tempore continued the call of States for bills and resolutions of inquiry, under which a large number were introduced and referred.

By Mr. Maybury, of Michigan, requesting the President to negotiate with Great Britain for a renewal of the Canadian reciprocity treaty of 1854.

By Mr. Robinson, of New York, a resolution of inquiry calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information concerning the purchase of public lands by foreign nobles, some called, and titled aliens, with their names and amount of acres purchased, and also for such information as may enable the House to formulate such laws as shall prevent the establishment of land monopolies and landlord systems in our country, and provide against having the public domain fall under the power of aliens.

By Mr. Skinner, of New York, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from the surplus revenue, at any time, at his discretion, the 4 and 4½ per cent. bonds, and cancel the same and calling for redemption the 3 per cent. bonds, which are now payable at the pleasure of the United States. The House adjourned until Friday.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, December 10.—On the assembling of the Senate the chair laid before it a memorial of the veterans of the Mexican war, asking that their names and the widows of deceased veterans be placed on the pension rolls.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate then proceeded to the appointment of the standing and other committees of the Senate. The names were read and appointed.

A number of petitions were presented, among them one by Mr. Frye, from 20,000 Good Templars, asking a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

By Mr. Manderson, a memorial from the Legislature of Nebraska asking Congress to make a settlement of titles held under United States patents by citizens of that State and now disputed by parties holding title under the Denver and St. Joe railroad.

HOUSE.

Under the call of States the following bills, etc., were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, fixing the composition of United States marshals and district attorneys; also prescribing the time of service of jurors.

By Mr. Oates, of Alabama, to prevent the obstruction of the navigable waters of the United States; also to prevent the retroactive operation of the naval appropriation act of 1882, limiting the number of graduates of the Naval Academy to be retained in the service; also repealing the preemption laws and amending the homestead laws, so that patents may issue after three years' actual occupancy; also to devote the proceeds of the sale of public lands to the education of the people.

By Mr. Hewitt, (Ala.), granting pensions to the survivors of the Mexican war.

By Mr. Dunn, (Ark.), declaring forfeited lands granted to the following railroad companies, and to States in aid of such companies: Gulf and Ship Island, Alabama and Florida, Coosa and Tennessee Mobile and Girard, Coosa and Chattanooga, Alabama and Chattanooga, Pensacola and Georgia, North Louisiana and Texas, New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg, St. Louis and Iron Mountain, Houghton and Ontonagon, North Wisconsin, Wisconsin Central, St. Paul and Pacific (St. Vincent extension and Brainerd branch), Hastings and Dakota, Oregon Central, and Texas Pacific (Federal land grant in the territories and California); also appropriating \$6,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river from the head of the passes in Cairo to the Des Moines rapids; also, granting pensions to the survivors of the Mexican war; also to compel the payment by the Kansas Pacific Railroad Company of the cost of surveying, selecting and conveying certain lands granted to it, and to create a sinking fund for the Kansas Pacific, Sioux City and Pacific, and the Central branch of the Union Pacific Railroad. Also a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information in regard to the attempted assignment and transfer of the lands granted to the Texas Pacific, to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New Mexico, the Southern Pacific of Arizona and the Los Angeles and San Diego of California.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The French government has ordered Admiral Courbet to set once begin military operations in Tonquin, which is regarded as a declaration of war between France and China. Reports are assumed full control of the government. At the latest advice Admiral Courbet was very nearly ready to move. Tonquin, but no positive information of an advance is expected for several days yet.

Mr. Tennyson's title will be Baron Tennyson, D'Ymcount of Aldworth.

Fighting continues in the neighborhood of Suakin, and the rebellion is increasing in strength.

Important inquiries are proceeding in the effort to obtain a commutation of sentence for O'Donnell.

The banquet in honor of Parnell and the presentation to him of £38,000 as a national tribute, took place at Dublin last night.

At Butler, Pa., the courthouse was burned; loss \$70,000; insured; the records were burned.

James H. Magee, a clerk in the postoffice at New York, has been arrested upon the charge of robbing the mails.

At Field's still house, on the Cumberland river, Ky., W. H. Fields, in a difficulty with drunken men, shot four of them, killing one and fatally wounding the others.

Henry W. Shaw, who attempted to dispose of a large lot of postage stamps, has been arrested at Williamsport, Pa., and lodged in jail on suspicion of having stolen them.

On appeal from the result of the school election held in Glens Falls, New York, in May last, Hon. W. B. Rugles, superintendent of public instruction, has handed down an opinion declaring constitutional the law of 1881 permitting women to vote at school elections.

A special from Wheeling says: "Big Bill" Kenney, whose trial for murder at West Union resulted in a disagreement of the jury, was taken from jail by a mob and hanged. It is reported that the mob started for Clarksburg, where a cousin of Kenney is in jail convicted of manslaughter, with the intention of hanging him also."

A special from Las Vegas, New Mexico, says: "While digging for the foundation for the new courthouse, the laborers, who were old miners, discovered signs of 'pay dirt.' They immediately gave it a trial, which resulted in showing that they had struck a rich deposit. Great excitement prevails in the town, and everybody is staking off claims."

Some months since a small son of Charles Feitel, of Buffalo, N. Y., was bitten by a dog. Recently the boy has exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. Sunday a little brother who had been sleeping with the one bitten had a slight attack of the malady, while another, whom he bit in his ravings, is almost as bad as he. The lives of two of them are despaired of.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Tonquin credits bill was adopted in the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday after a long debate. It is reported in Paris that the government has directed Admiral Courbet to continue his preparations for the campaign against Suakin and Bac-Ninh. A despatch from Peking says that at a meeting of the Chinese ministry has expressed itself unanimously against war with France.

Extra guards have been stationed to watch O'Donnell in prison in London.

A national league meeting which had been forbidden by the government was held near Longhrea, Ireland, on Sunday.

It is reported from Cairo that the Egyptians would have defeated the rebels in the recent engagement with the hill men but for the conduct of the Bashi-Bazouks.

By fire at Gadsden, Ala., the Coosa furnace; loss \$150,000; no insurance. At Pine Bluff, Ark., two blocks of business houses.

At St. Louis, Zella Brothers' provision store; loss \$25,000. At Huntington, Pa., several buildings; loss \$80,000.

The directors of the Produce Bank of New York, which is at 59 Barclay street, have decided to place the bank in liquidation, and a notice has been sent to depositors to draw their balances, which would be paid in full and close their accounts.

Albert Thomas, colored, was arrested at Clinton, Miss., for committing an assault upon the little daughter of B. F. Linzon. While conveying him back to the neighborhood of the crime he attempted to escape, and was riddled with bullets.

A special to the Democrat from Hot Springs says: Hagdin's dry goods store was entered by two men, who placed revolvers at Hagdin's head and obtained the keys of the safe, which he robbed of over \$10,000.

The testimony for the prosecution in the election cases in the United States Court at Columbia, S. C., witnesses for the defense were heard until the adjournment of the court. The government failed to make a case of conspiracy.

At a meeting of the A. M. E. Zion Church, held at Raleigh, N. C., Bishop J. W. Hood was sustained in his decision made at the Kentucky Conference, whereby Bishop W. H. Hillier was silenced, and his conduct on that occasion severely criticised and strongly condemned.

The steam barge Enterprise, which sank in Lake Haron, was coming down in tow of the tug Balize. When this side of Port Auvin she signalled the tug that she was sinking and went down three minutes later. Thirteen men were on board and six went down and were lost. The seven others got aboard the Balize, but the second engineer died soon after.

A reform movement has been inaugurated by the county officers at New Orleans against the gamblers and houses of prostitution in that city. Information has been made against the proprietors of five of the most notorious houses, who were arrested, and gave bail for a hearing. It is the intention to prosecute all until they are driven from the city.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—News has reached Aden, Egypt, that a force of hill tribes has attacked and annihilated five companies of Egyptians outside Suakin. Only fifty Egyptians, half of whom were officers, escaped.

Admiral Courbet in a private letter from Tonquin expresses eagerness to march on the enemy.

Several ports of the Hovas have been destroyed by the French fleet in Madagascar waters.

It is rumored in Berlin that another meeting of the Emperors of Germany, Russia and Austria will take place.

The Ozar and German ambassadors to Russia were present at the St. George's winter palace in St. Petersburg.

Signor Lovito and Baron Nicotera, who fought a duel in Rome on Friday, will be prosecuted. Signor Lovito has resigned the secretaryship of the ministry of the interior. Mr. Savarone, formerly the domestic prelate in the Pope's household, yesterday was received into the Protestant Episcopal Church and absolved the Catholic faith.

Laban Stephens has been convicted of the murder of Anderson Lackey at Jackson, Mo. The Jones brothers have been convicted of the same crime, and will be hanged December 11.

A bill has been introduced in the South Carolina Legislature modifying the railway laws of the State. The bill seeks to curtail the powers of the railroad commission, which, it is claimed, have been exercised to the hurt of the railways.

United States Commissioner Samuel Patterson, of Lynchburg, Va., committed a colored mail carrier named Wm. Henry Callaway to jail in default of \$5,000 bail, on the charge of robbing the mail between Roanoke and Cave Springs, Roanoke county. He confessed the crime.

Over \$18,000 was cleared by the fair for the German Home of the Aged at Baltimore.

The Mount Hickory Rolling Mills, at Erie, Pa., have been totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$200,000; insurance \$90,000.

The Assessment Lists show that the valuation of property in North Carolina is \$130,603,294, a gain during the year of \$5,167,012. The American Cotton Mills, at Gloucester, Mass., have been totally destroyed by fire. Loss estimated at \$40,000; insurance \$300,000.

The South Carolina Senate has rejected a bill reported by the judiciary committee providing means for the legal dissolution of the marriage tie.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Ex-Minister Nicotera, of Italy, was killed in a duel in Rome yesterday by Signor Lovito, whom he had insulted. A teacher in Irkutsk, Russia has been shot for striking the Governor-General of Eastern Siberia.

Fourteen thousand workmen are idle by reason of the strike of colliery boys in the Yorkshire mines.

The damage by the fire in the palace of the Legislative Chamber in Brussels is placed at 12,000,000 francs.

A terrible story of the treatment of prisoners in the St. Petersburg bastion comes from a nihilist confided there.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday discussed the Tonquin credit bill. It is said in Paris that no notes have passed between M. Ferry and the Marquis Tseng since Nov. 30.

The German corvette Olga, with Prince Henry of Prussia on board, has arrived at Santiago de Cuba. The Prince was given an official reception. Preparations are being made for festivities in his honor in Havana, where he is expected to arrive on the 22d inst.

The final decree was entered in the Chancery Court in Nashville, Tenn., by which \$300,000 assets of the Bank of the State of Tennessee are to be distributed to the note-holders. A half-million dollars in outstanding notes of this bank, issued during the war, are to be funded and made receivable for taxes.

Articles of incorporation have been filed at Cheyenne, W. T., by the Wyoming, Yellowstone Park and Pacific Railway Company. The road will run through the coal, iron, soda and petroleum region of Western Wyoming, in the National Park and Montana, and its construction will begin in the spring. Dr. J. M. Shea, an alleged spiritualist and materializer, has been arrested in Chicago, together with George Mastow, his assistant, and held to bail. He was taking large sums of money at exhibitions in which he purported to materialize the spirits of the dead. Officers brought into court his equipment, comprising wigs, false faces, lace, petticoats, flowing robes, white plumes and a bespangled girdle, which his "White Prince" of Oriental fame wears when he comes from the spirit land. The court-room was scarcely able to contain the immense number of excited victims when Shea was tried.

Wesley Posey, colored, has been convicted at Birmingham, Alabama, of outraging a little white girl and the penalty fixed at death.

At Trenton, N. J., a decision was rendered in the Dinsmore suit, denying the application for a preliminary injunction to prevent the leasing of the New Jersey Central to the Reading, but reserving the right to renew the application at any time.

But three persons were saved from the steamer Manistee, which foundered recently on Lake Superior. Nine persons left the steamer in a lifeboat, and six of them died or were drowned before they reached land. The crew, captain and ten or eleven passengers went down with the steamer.

In Chicago John Fleming and Frank L. Loring were convicted for participation in what are known as the "Fund W" frauds. A firm known as Fleming & Merriam advertised to do a commission business on the Chicago Board of Trade, and induced a great many people to invest in "Fund W." It is estimated that they collected more than \$1,000,000 which they intend to use in speculation on the Board of Trade.

A special from Raleigh, N. C., says: "The town of Williamson, Martin county, is in ashes. The entire business portion of the town was burned last night. The following named merchants were burned out: J. W. Davenport & Co., C. B. Hassell, Geo. W. Williams, S. R. Diggins, J. T. Deans, Wm. Glade, Pearl & Gurganus, B. B. Watts & Co., N. S. Godward, J. A. Robinson, A. R. Rogerson, Luke B. Robertson & Co., Pearl & Groves, and J. D. Diggins & Co., and the postoffice and telegraph office. The fire was discovered at 15 minutes to 1 o'clock, and originated in the store of J. D. Diggins & Co. There is some insurance, but it is not known how much.

The steamer Corcoran, of the Baltimore, Roanoke and Norfolk Line, lying at the wharf, was also burned, with 250 bales of cotton on board. The steamer and cargo are both fully insured.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—It is reported from Peking that the Chinese government refuses to withdraw or modify its claims in regard to Tonquin. Admiral Courbet reports that the French attack on Suakin has not yet begun. The Paris newspaper La Liberté says that England is taking energetic steps to bring about a treaty between France and China, and it believes that peaceful negotiations have made progress.

England and Spain will renew negotiations for a commercial treaty.

The fire in Constantinople on Wednesday destroyed 600 houses.

Sir Henry James, attorney-general, has written a letter taking exception to the manner of conducting O'Donnell's defense.

The ex-minister of the interior and the present secretary of the ministry of the interior of Italy quarreled yesterday in the lobby of the Chambers, and the latter sent a challenge to the ex-minister.

A despatch from San Francisco says it is reported that a wheat freight pool composed of Solomon Wangerman, M. Waterman & Co., and others lost two million to three million dollars by the heavy fall in rates. Claus Spreckles was caught in the extent of three hundred thousand dollars.

The state police are now investigating the doings of a New Bedford firm which it is alleged, manufactures organs in the cheapest manner, and by means of circulars sent broadcast, sells them for fabulous prices to the uninitiated. It is believed that the firm disposed of about twenty-five thousand organs during the past year at a profit of from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

Washington Notes.

A number of bills for retiring the trade dollar have been introduced in Congress, and it is to be hoped that our legislators will see their way to a plan for robbing it of its power for mischief.

Mr. Hobbitt introduced in the House of Representatives yesterday the Maryland and Delaware Ship Canal bill.

Mr. Covington's effort to secure a peaceful solution of the Maryland and Virginia boundary line question will probably prove successful.

A conscience-stricken Baltimorean yesterday sent \$4,300 to the treasurer of the United States, which money, he says, is due the government.

It is held by the Treasury Department that peas and beans imported for seed are entitled to free admission.

Representative King, of Louisiana, has prepared a bill providing that the compensation of women in the government service shall be the same as that of men for a similar grade of work.

It was learned at the White House that the President will make the Mississippi river improvements, the Hennessey canal and other public works the subject of special messages to Congress.

NURSING THE SICK.

Some Good Advice to the Attendants of Those who are Ill.

To minister to the sick, says *All the Year Round*, is one of the noblest ambitions of the present age, as evinced by the number of people who voluntarily devote themselves to such duties, independently of the calls of affection or considerations of reward. To be a good nurse requires a rare combination of excellencies in the same individual—intelligence, physical strength, a kind disposition with firmness, a light hand and foot, courage greater than that which animates the soldier on the battlefield, and, above all, untiring patience. Given these, and the nurse becomes more than half the remedy, not only inspiring confidence on the part of the patient, but the surgeon or physician also, who can rely that his instructions will be carried out with implicit obedience to the letter. Such a paragon, however, is rarely to be met with, except as an emissary from one or another of those admirable institutions where ladies are trained under skilful management for this work; and in the vast majority of cases an invalid is placed in the hands of his immediate friends or relations, who, with the best intentions, it must be confessed, often prejudice his comfort and retard his recovery by the very over-anxiety which is bred of affection. The object of this paper is not to convey the instructions necessary for the education of an accomplished nurse—a difficult task—but to enumerate a few small points which should be avoided, as tending greatly to the discomfort of the patient, and for the guidance of those who, without previous experience, find themselves suddenly thrust into this most responsible position.

Quietude is a great thing, of course, but real quietude means the absence of all excitement, and it must be remembered that anything out of the common will tend to excite the mind of a sufferer. Do not, therefore, walk on tiptoe, for this, in addition to its unusual elaboration of the gait, invariably causes a certain amount of creaking. Speak in low tones, but don't whisper; a whisper will often awake a sleeper who would not be disturbed by ordinary conversation; and never say "Hush!" Let your clothes and foot-covering be of no noiseless and unobtrusive character as possible, and instead of gliding and loitering about like a rickety ghost, do not hesitate to walk. If you have occasion to say anything in the room, say it so that the patient can hear it if he wishes, and do not let him be aware of your conspiring privately with the others, especially at the door. That door has much to answer for. If it be visible from the bed, people open it cautiously, put their heads in and slowly withdraw again. If, as is more frequently the case, it is screened by the bed curtains, mysterious openings and shuttings are heard, unattended with any apparent ingress or egress and sotto voce colloquies go on outside. When you enter do so honestly and at once; do not spend five minutes in turning the handle, like a housebreaker, thereby producing a series of irritating little claps, finally terminating in a big snap, with which the door flies open. If the latch be at all rusty, a handle that is slowly wound back in this way will often stick, and either require to be rattled back into position, or, if left as it is, may start back suddenly, after a time, of its own accord, with a report like a pistol shot. It is always well to recollect that it by no means follows that a sick person is asleep because his eyes are shut; he may be acutely conscious of all that is passing in the room, though unable or unwilling to make any sign; and nothing can be more maddening under such circumstances, than to have people hush-hush and whispering around and creaking about on the tips of their toes.

Never stand at the foot of the bed and look at the patient. While talking to him, it is better to sit by the side of the bed, and as near the pillow as possible, so that you may converse easily, while your face and body are turned in the same direction as his. By this means you can make all necessary observation of his features without enforcing the arrest of his eyes to your own, which is so embarrassing and disagreeable to one lying in bed, and is almost unavoidable when facing him. Keep him in as comfortable a position as possible, by all means, but don't be too demonstrative in smoothing the pillows and little offices of that sort. Fidgety attentions will worry him, and do him more harm than downright neglect.

One he Hadn't Met.

One day a pompous little fellow at a dinner-table was boasting of the great man with whom he was on intimate terms. He had been in constant correspondence with Longfellow, had lunched with Tennyson, was in friendly relations with the Prince of Wales, and in short, knew everything and everybody. At length a quiet individual at the further end of the room broke in on the conversation with the question: "My dear sir, did you happen to know the Siamese Twins when they were in this country?" "Our hero, who evidently had a talent for lying, but no real genius, at once replied: "The Siamese Twins, sir? Yes sir. I became very intimate with one of them, but I never had the good fortune to meet the other."

Sweet Charity.

The Virginia City, Nev., "Enterprise" relates that a pair of robins and a pair of cat-birds had nests near the residence of a gentleman at that place, and hatched out their young about the same time. One day the cat-birds were missed, having probably been shot. The young cat-birds were in danger of starvation, and when the robins came home with worms for their young, the little cat-birds opened their mouths and made a great outcry. The robins understood the appeal, and began feeding them. They did not do what they had undertaken by halves. Each evening the female robin sat on her own nest, and warmed with her body her own young, while the male robin took the nest of cat-birds. In this way both broods were reared, the little orphans growing up as strong and lively as though they had been cared for all through by their own parents.

Maryland to the Front.

The Hon. Olden Bowie, Ex-Governor of Maryland, President of the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co., also President of the Maryland Jockey Club, says: "Both in my family, and in my private stables, as well as those of the City Passenger Railway Co. I have for several years used St. Jacob's Oil most satisfactorily." Such a statement ought to convince every reader of this paper.

Steel Bars Supplanting Bells.

In some places in Europe, steel bars are used in preference to bells, supplanting them altogether, sometimes, in church steeples, and producing very pure, distinct and melodious sounds. An English writer even advocates their general use on the ground that, while in point of sonorosity they are equal to the common bell, in certain other respects they are to be preferred to it. Their weight will be light in comparison with the ponderous objects they are to replace; they will not burden the steeple so much, and consequently, will give more scope to architectural design; their winding and hanging up will not be so difficult, dangerous and expensive; they are not liable to crack, as is the case with the bells, and are, therefore, adapted for use in any climate; they can also be operated by a simple mechanical contrivance. They are also much cheaper than bells.

Olive-Growing in California.

One of the most interesting features of agriculture in California is olive-growing. It is thought that the State could easily raise a crop as large as that of Italy, which sells yearly for fifty million dollars. One ranch owner at Santa Barbara has derived a profit of twenty-two thousand dollars an acre from his plantation.

A rough diamond—a convict breaking stones.

Young men or middle-aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send three stamps for Part VII of *World's Dispensary Medical Association*; Buffalo, N. Y.

"Are you going to the funeral this afternoon, Mrs. Filp?" asked one lady of another on Broadway. "Well, yes, if my husband don't bring home matinee tickets," replied the latter.

"Woman and Her Diseases" is the title of an interesting treatise (96 pages sent, postpaid, for three stamps. Address *World's Dispensary Medical Association*, Buffalo, N. Y.

The most absent-minded of men is the Professor, who when he hears himself knocking the heels out of his pipe, will call out, "Come in!"

A DEAD SHOT.
May be taken after liver and bilious disorders with Dr. W. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." Mild yet certain in operation; and there is none of the reaction consequent upon taking severe and drastic cathartics. By druggists.

"I was only fooling one of your late bills," remarked a fond father to his daughter, after kicking her sweet William out of the front yard.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Sure cure for Piles, Bleeding and Itching Piles. One box has cured worst cases of 20 years standing. No need suffer five minutes after using. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment. It absorbs tumors, allays itching, acts as poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared only by Dr. J. C. Williams, of Cleveland, O.

Decline of Man.
Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility, Cured by Wells' Health Renewer, \$1.

The greatest Engine in the world is the new Baxter portable, in use all over the world. Descriptive circulars free. Address J. C. Todd, 17 Barclay St., New York.

260 buys a pair of Lynn's Patent Heel Stiffeners; makes a boot or shoe last twice as long.

Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator. Just what name implies; Cathartic Tonic. Reliable.

The Indian of falcon glance and lion bearing, the theme of the touching ballad, is gone; but the petroleum they discovered, now made into Carboline, the natural Hair Restorer, will live forever.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.
Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

PUREST AND BEST COD-LIVER OIL, from selected coves, on the seashores, by Cassell, Hazard & Co., N. Y. Absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians declare it superior to all other oils.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, pimples and rough skin cured by using Juniper Tar Soap, made by Cassell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Hon. H. C. Crossman, Jersey City, says: "I suffered with rheumatism for years; unable to leave the house for months; tried almost everything without relief; finally took Dr. Elmore's R.-G., which soon cured me."

Our Best Families.
I have been troubled for over six years with a severe kidney complaint, also a weakness of the urinary organs, with its attendant troubles. My water needed constant attention, some days as many as twenty times, with severe pains in the bladder, as well as in the back and loins. At times I passed a quantity of white, highly colored urine, with unnatural heat and sediment; frequently evolutions which were very painful. I concluded that I must do something for it, for I felt that I was doing nothing. I went to the druggist and was recommended to use Hunt's Remedy, as it had been used with wonderful success in several severe cases of dropsy and kidney and bladder affections here in Bangor. I concluded to try it, and before I had used one bottle found it was helping me beyond my expectations. My water became more natural, less color and sediment, the pains in back and that heavy feeling gone, with a general toning up of the system. I continued to use it until I felt six bottles, and I am now completely cured. Others of my family have used Hunt's Remedy with equally as good success, and I do not hesitate to recommend it far and near, believing it is a duty as well as a pleasure to recommend so good a medicine as Hunt's Remedy. You are at liberty to give my testimony to the public. D. T. HODGINS. Bangor, Me., May 19, 1883.

I endorse the above statement.
A. M. ROGERS, JR., Apothecary, Bangor, Me.

"Rough on Coughs." Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, etc. Rescued from Death. William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of lungs followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past."

Nothing better for Asthma than Fisco's Cure for Consumption. 25 cents per bottle.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
Rheumatism and Cures
RHEUMATISM.
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Swellings, Sprains, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, Frostbites, Burns, Scalds, and all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogler & Co. (Incorporated in Germany), Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MUSTANG Survival of the Fittest.
A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 45 YEARS!
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!
THE OLDEST & BEST LINIMENT EVER MADE IN AMERICA.
SALES LARGER THAN EVER.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known for more than thirty-five years as the best of all liniments for man and beast. Its sales to-day are larger than ever. It cures when all others fail, and penetrates deep into the system, and muscle, to the very bone. Sold everywhere.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa., and Farmers' Standard Engines & Saw Mills.
Address, A. B. PARQUHAR, York, Pa.

STEAM ENGINES.
A. B. PARQUHAR, York, Pa., Cheapest and best for all purposes. Portable, stationary, and all kinds of engines. Also, machinery generally. Repairs promptly made. Circulars sent free. For Illustrated Catalogue.